

26	76-2-404. Law enforcement officer use of deadly force.
27	(1) As used in this section:
28	(a) "Deadly force" means force that creates or is likely to create, or that the individual
29	using the force intends to create, a substantial likelihood of death or serious bodily injury to an
30	individual.
31	(b) "Necessary" means that, based on the totality of circumstances known or reasonably
32	perceived by the officer at the time the decision is made, an objectively reasonable officer in
33	the same situation would conclude that no reasonably feasible and effective alternative exists
34	that would prevent death or serious bodily injury to the officer or to an individual other than the
35	individual against whom force would be used.
36	(c) "Officer" means "law enforcement officer" as that term is defined in Section
37	<u>53-13-103.</u>
38	(d) "Serious bodily injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-1-601.
39	[(1) A peace] (2) An officer, or any [person] individual acting by the officer's
40	command in providing aid and assistance, [is justified in using deadly force when:] is eligible
41	to raise the defense of justification for the use of deadly force when:
42	(a) the officer is acting in obedience to and in accordance with the judgment of a
43	competent court in executing a penalty of death under Subsection 77-18-5.5(2), (3), or (4);
44	(b) effecting an arrest or preventing an escape from custody following an arrest,
45	[where] if:
46	(i) the officer reasonably believes that deadly force is necessary to prevent the arrest
47	from being defeated by escape; and
48	[(i)] (ii) (A) the officer has probable cause to believe that the suspect has committed a
49	felony offense involving the infliction or threatened infliction of death or serious bodily injury;
50	or
51	[(ii)] (B) the officer has probable cause to believe the suspect poses a threat of death or
52	serious bodily injury to the officer or to [others] an individual other than the suspect if
53	apprehension is delayed; or
54	(c) the officer reasonably believes that the use of deadly force is necessary to prevent
55	death or serious bodily injury to the officer or [another person] an individual other than the
56	suspect.

- 57 [(2)] (3) If feasible, a verbal warning should be given by the officer prior to any use of
- deadly force under Subsection [(1)] (2)(b) or [(1)] (2)(c).